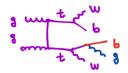
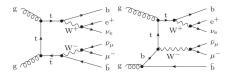
$pp \to W^+W^-b\bar{b}$ at the LHC

★ measurement of the top-mass: at the LHC likely to be achieved from combination of different strategies: total x-section, tt̄ + jet, leptonic spectra, bℓ endpoint and distribution,... [see e.g. TOP LHC Working Group]



- some techniques rely on looking into the kinematics of visible particles from top-decay
- important that simulations are as accurate as possible, and associated uncertainties are quantified
- ★ $t\bar{t}$ vs. tW: by including decays with massive b, unified treatment of $t\bar{t}$ and tW:



- " $t\bar{t}$ " $\to WWbb$: 2 resolved b-jets
 - " Wt " $\rightarrow WWb$: veto on second b-jet
- arbitrary cuts on the other objects
- ★ jet-vetoes: used in many searches where $t\bar{t}$ is a background (e.g. $H \to W^+W^-$):
 - vetoes can also act on decay products (e.g. b-jet veto)

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important to have a fully-consistent NLO+PS simulation of $W^+W^-b\bar{b}$

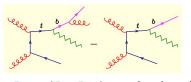
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NLO+PS & intermediate resonances

The problem, in a nutshell:

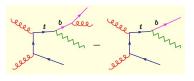


$$d\sigma = d\Phi_{\rm rad}\bar{B}(\Phi_B) \frac{R(\Phi_B, \Phi_{\rm rad})}{B(\Phi_B)} \times \exp\left[-\int \frac{R(\Phi_B, \Phi_{\rm rad})}{B(\Phi_B)} d\Phi_{\rm rad}\right]$$

- $\Phi_B \to (\Phi_B, \Phi_{\rm rad})$ mapping doesn't preserve virtuality $\Rightarrow R/B$ can become large also far from collinear singularity, but it shouldn't
- POWHEG radiation should have a well-defined resonance assignment, otherwise the shower will not preserve invariant masses, distorting the BW shape.
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- Issues first addressed, for $pp \to b\bar{b} + 4$ leptons production, in the narrow-width approximation [Campbell, Ellis, Nason, ER '14]
- POWHEG BOX RES: general solution and new framework

[Jezo,Nason '15]

. applied to 4F t-channel single-top and $pp\to b\bar{b}+4$ leptons (full exact NLO)

[Jezo,Nason '15; Jezo,Lindert,Nason,Oleari,Pozzorini '16]

. in the MC@NLO matching scheme, 4-f t-channel single-top

[Frederix et al. '16]

- 1. complete matrix elements for $W^+W^-b\bar{b}$: need to project each partonic subprocess onto all possible "resonance histories":
 - each contribution should be dominated by a single resonance history:

$$B = \sum_{f_b} B_{f_b}, \text{ where } B_{f_b} \equiv \frac{P^{f_b}(\Phi_B)}{\sum_{f_b'} P^{f_b'}(\Phi_B)} B(\Phi_B)$$

 $P^{f_b}(\Phi_B)$ (products of) Breit-Wigner functions \Leftrightarrow resonance history f_b

- for real contributions, split also according to compatible FKS regions
 - \Rightarrow a term R_{α_T} is dominant <u>if</u> the collinear partons of region α_T have the smallest k_T , <u>and</u> the corresponding resonance history is the closest to its mass shell.

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- 2. each term (Born-like and real) is attributed to an unique resonance history
 - virtuality-preserving mappings between Φ_B and $(\Phi_B,\Phi_{\rm rad})$ can be used
 - POWHEG radiation(s) can now be assigned to a resonance
 - (& other technical but crucial subtleties...)

"multiplicative POWHEG": keep multiple emissions before showering

[E

- by default POWHEG is additive: keeps only the hardest emission
- for heavy-pair production and decay, emissions from decay are rarely the hardest. Hence, with default POWHEG, they would be mostly generated by the shower
- keep hard radiation and the emissions from all decaying resonances, then merge them into a single radiation phase space with several radiated partons, up to one for each resonance

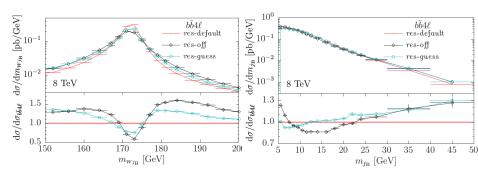
$$d\sigma = \bar{B}(\Phi_{\rm B})\,d\Phi_{\rm B}\left[\Delta(q_{\rm cut}) + \sum_{\alpha}\Delta(k_T^{\alpha})\frac{R_{\alpha}(\Phi_{\alpha}(\Phi_{\rm B},\Phi_{\rm rad}))}{B(\Phi_{\rm B})}\,d\Phi_{\rm rad}\right]$$

$$d\sigma = \bar{B}(\Phi_{\rm B}) d\Phi_{\rm B} \prod_{\alpha = \alpha_b, \alpha_b, \alpha_{\rm ISR}} \left[\Delta_{\alpha}(q_{\rm cut}) + \Delta_{\alpha}(k_T^{\alpha}) \frac{R_{\alpha}(\Phi_{\alpha}(\Phi_{\rm B}, \Phi_{\rm rad}^{\alpha}))}{B(\Phi_{\rm B})} d\Phi_{\rm rad}^{\alpha} \right]$$

- ▶ in the above case, the interface to parton shower becomes more complicated.
 - for results in published results, brute-force approach (iterate shower untill all veto conditions respected)
 - more recently: PowhegHooksBB4L.h, Pythia8 UserHook, dedicated for vetoes in presence of resonance decays adapted from PowhegHooks [Jezo,Seidel,Nachman; April '17]

Top-pair production in POWHEG			
label	$t\bar{t}$ NLOPS	$t\bar{t}+{\rm decay~NLOPS}$	$b\bar{b}4\ell$ NLOPS-RES
NLO matrix elements	${ m t} \overline{ m t}$	$t(\to e^+\nu_e b)\bar{t}(\to \mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\bar{b})$	$b\bar{b}e^+\nu_e\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu$
decay accuracy	LO+PS	NLO+PS	NLO+PS
NLO radiation	single	$\operatorname{multiple}$	multiple
spin correlations	approx.	exact	exact
off-shell $t\bar{t}$ effects	BW smearing	LO $b\bar{b}4\ell$ reweighting	exact
$Wt\ \&\ {\rm non\text{-}resonant}\ {\rm effects}$	no*	LO $b\bar{b}4\ell$ reweighting	exact
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
(*) dedicated Wt generators available			
Jonas M. Lindert	Į.	5	

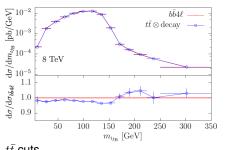
[Jezo,Lindert,Nason,Oleari,Pozzorini '16]

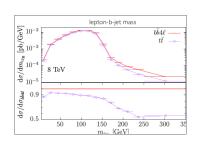


- no cuts.
- "res-default": resonance-aware, "res-off": not-resonance-aware, "res-guess": guess resonance history a posteriori, using event kinematics
- <u>left</u>: important effects both from information made available to parton-showering, but also from generating radiation using resonance history
- ▶ right: less radiation close to B in "res-off". Distorsion of b-jet mass ("expected" to be at $m^2 \approx E_b \Gamma_t$, i.e. $m_j \simeq 8$ GeV)

WWbb at NLO+PS: results II







$t \bar t$ cuts.

"ttodecay": based on narrow-width

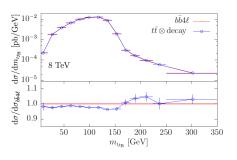
[Campbell, Ellis, Nason, ER '14]

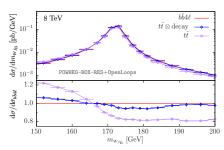
"tt": original generator

[Frixione.Ridolfi,Nason '07]

- with these cuts: expect rad. in production and decay to factorize
- <u>LEFT</u>: Very good agreement (< 5%): serves also as a validation, since one result supports the choices made to obtain the other.
- RIGHT: missing proper description of decays

[Jezo,Lindert,Nason,Oleari,Pozzorini '16]



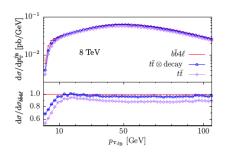


"tt⊗decay": based on narrow-width

[Campbell,Ellis,Nason,ER '14]

- <u>left</u>: t\(\overline{t}\) cuts. Very good agreement: serves also as a validation, since one result supports the choices made to obtain the other.
- right: bigger differences with original $t\bar{t}$.

[Jezo,Lindert,Nason,Oleari,Pozzorini '16]

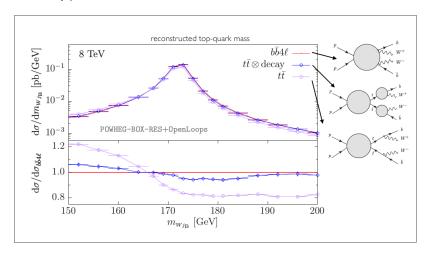


"tt⊗decay": based on narrow-width

[Campbell,Ellis,Nason,ER '14]

no cuts. Clearly shows the "Wt" contribution, particularly relevant at small transverse momenta.

summary plot:



there's also an ongoing pheno study on top mass extraction

[Ferrario-Ravasio,Jezo,Nason,Oleari; in progress]

MG5_aMC@NLO

