

PHOTON ISOLATION

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Les Houches Workshop Series
Physics at TeV Colliders
Session 1

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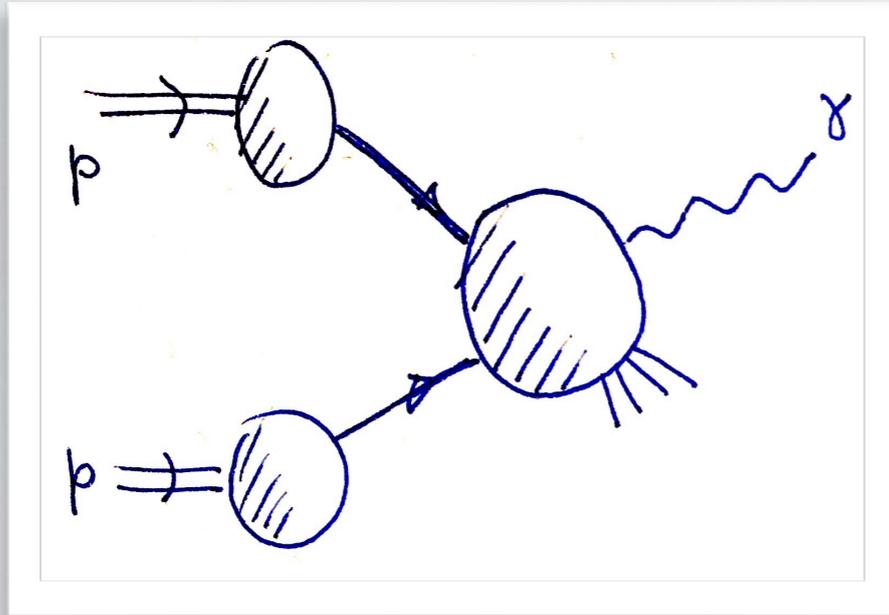


MOTIVATION

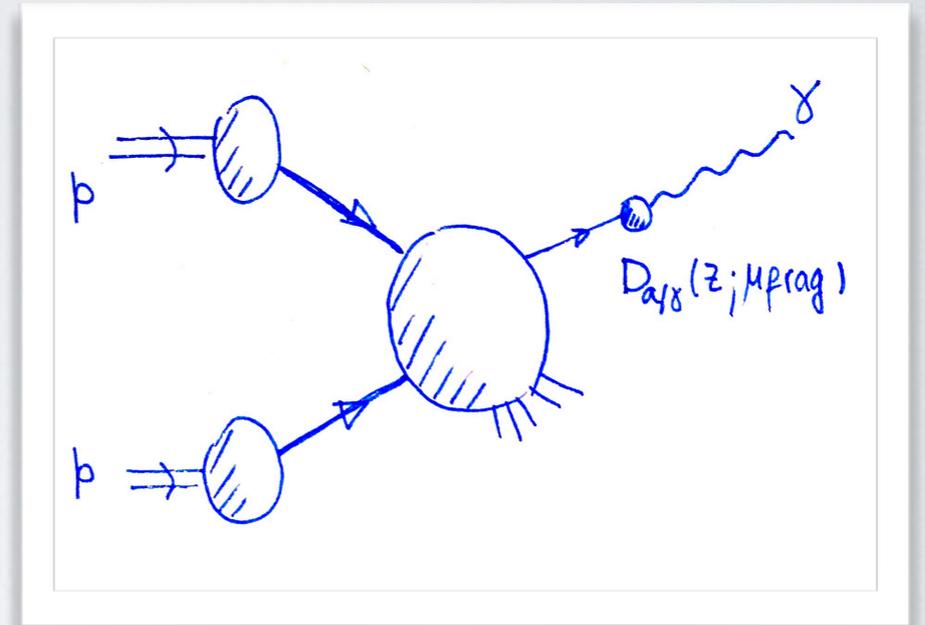
- Photon isolation criteria are necessarily applied in hadron collider experiments to suppress the very large reducible background of 'non-prompt' photons (e.g., photons that are faked by jets or produced by hadron decays)

PHOTONS

Final-state prompt photons

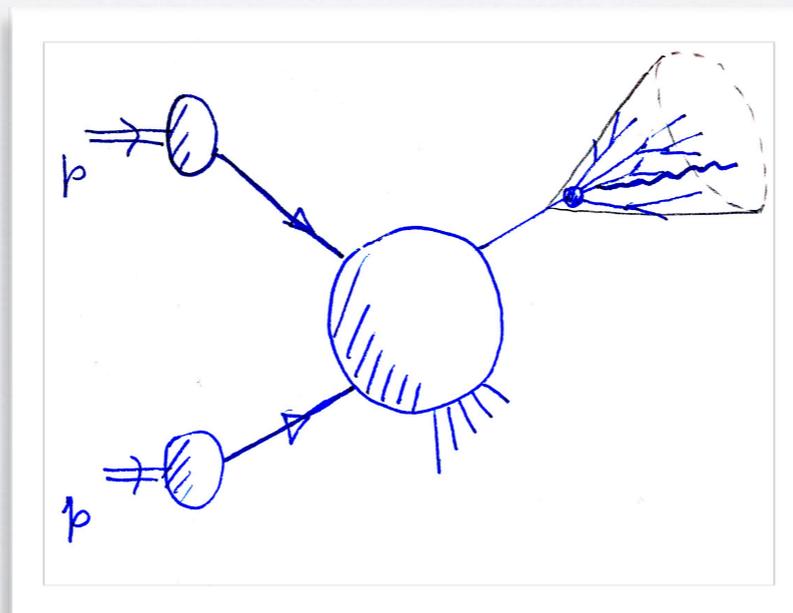


Direct

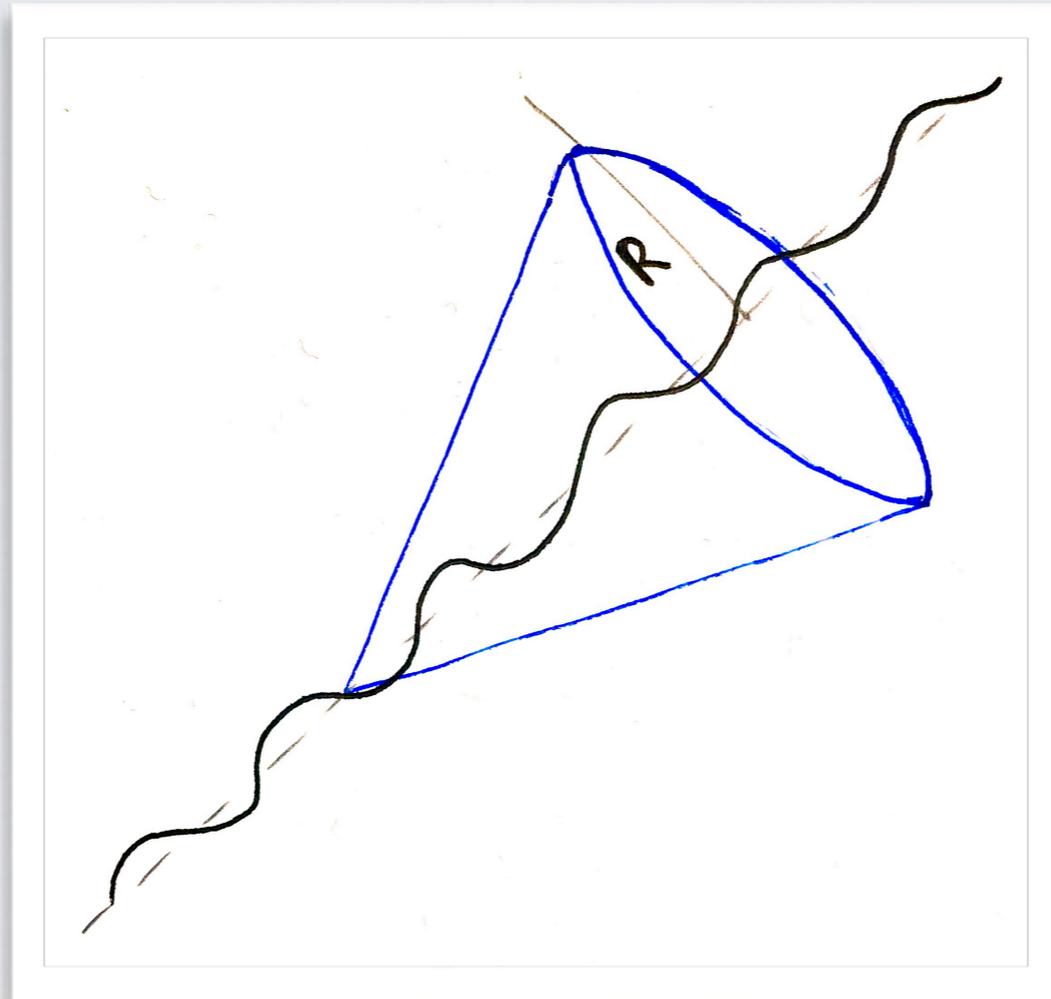


Fragmentation

'Non-prompt' photons



ISOLATION PRESCRIPTIONS



$$E_T^{had}(r) = \sum_i E_T^{had} \Theta(r - R_{i\gamma})$$

Usually, the criteria consider the amount of hadronic (partonic) transverse energy, inside a cone of radius r around the direction of the photon

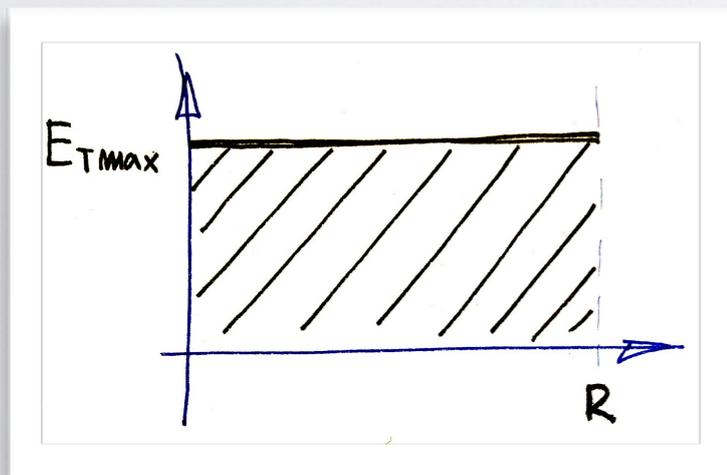
$$(R_{i\gamma}^2 = (y_i - y_\gamma)^2 + (\Phi_i - \Phi_\gamma)^2)$$

rapidity–azimuthal angle space

ISOLATION PRESCRIPTIONS

Standard cone criterion

- Typically used by experimental analyses
- It can be experimentally implemented in a relatively straightforward manner
- Solid and well understood
- It only suppresses part of the fragmentation contribution



$$E_T^{had}(R) \leq E_{Tmax}$$

E_{Tmax} fixed parameter

$E_{Tmax} = \epsilon p_{T\gamma}$ with a fixed parameter ϵ

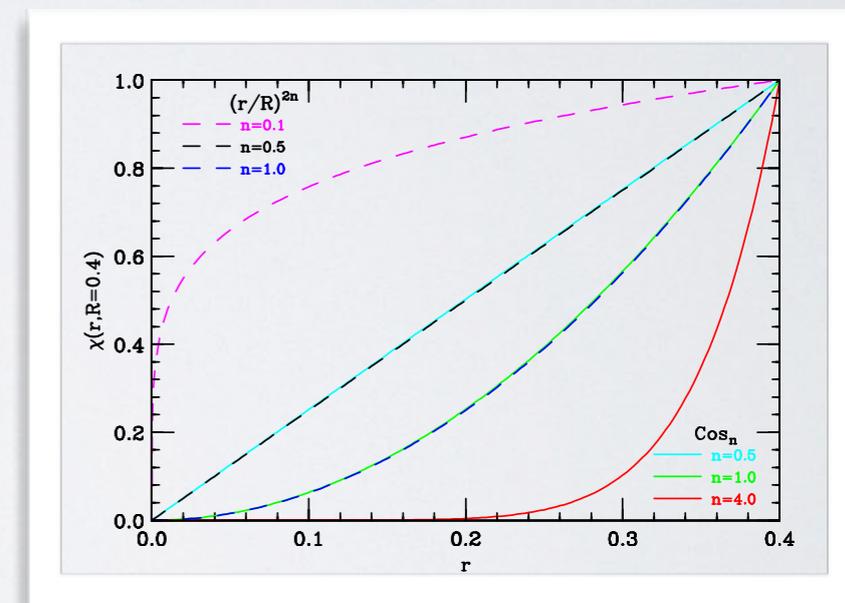
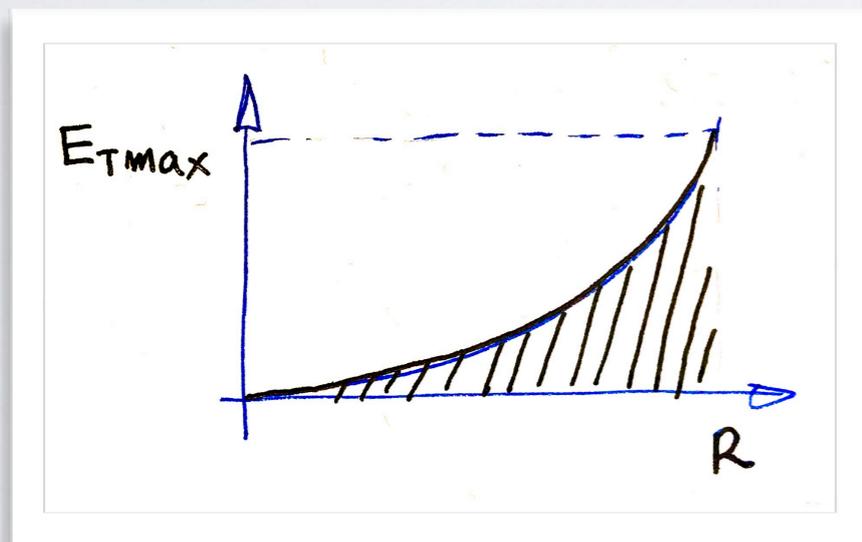
$E_{Tmax} = \epsilon p_{T\gamma} + E_0$ with E_0 fixed parameter

ISOLATION PRESCRIPTIONS

Smooth cone criterion

Frixione [1998]

- Typically used by theoretical tools
- Due to the finite granularity of the detectors, it cannot be directly applied at the experimental level in its original form
- It formally eliminates the entire fragmentation contribution



$$E_T^{had}(r) \leq E_{Tmax} \chi(r; R), \quad \text{in all cones with } r \leq R$$

$$d\sigma_{smooth}(R; E_{Tmax}) < d\sigma_{standard}(R; E_{Tmax})$$

$$\chi(r; R) = \left(\frac{1 - \cos(r)}{1 - \cos(R)} \right)^n$$

$$\chi(r; R) = \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{2n}$$

ISOLATION PRESCRIPTIONS

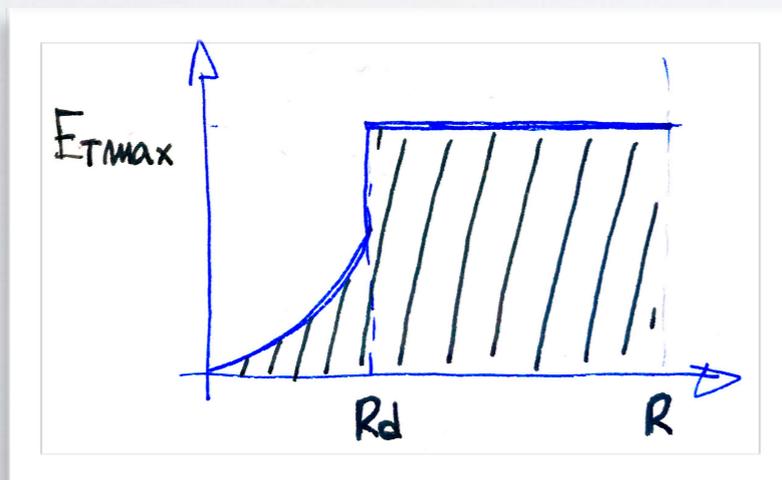
Hybrid cone criterion

Siegert [2016]

Chen, Gehrman, Glover, Höfer, Huss[2019]

- 📌 Used by theoretical tools
- 📌 Due to the finite granularity of the detectors, it cannot be directly applied at the experimental level in its original form
- 📌 It formally eliminates the entire fragmentation contribution
- 📌 The aim of the method is reduce the strong suppression of the smooth cone prescription

$$R^2 \gg R_d^2$$



BRIEF LIST OF CODES

Process	Codes QCD	EW corrections (NLO)	Resummation
$pp \rightarrow \gamma + \text{Jet}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • JetPhox: NLO(QCD)+NLO(Frag) [99'] • MCFM: NNLO(QCD) [2016/2017] • NNLOJET: NNLO(QCD) [2019] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kuhn, Kulesza, Pozzorini, Schulze [2005] • Becher, Garcia i Tormo [2013] • Schwartz [2016] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Peter: N³LL Threshold Resummation arXiv:1206.6115
$pp \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DiPhox: NLO(QCD)+NLO(Frag) [99'] • 2γNNLO: NNLO(QCD) [2011] • MCFM: NNLO(QCD) [2016] • MATRIX: NNLO(QCD) [2016] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bierweiler, Kasprzik, Kuhn. [2013] • Chiesa, Greiner, Schoenherr, Tramontano [2017] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2γRes: [2015] qT Resummation NNLL+NNLO(QCD) • Resbos: [1997] qT Resummation NNLL+NLO(QCD)
$pp \rightarrow \gamma\gamma + \text{Jets}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NLOJet++: NLO(QCD). [2003] • 2γNNLO: NLO(QCD) [2011] • Gehrmann, Greiner, Heinrich: NLO(QCD)+LO(Frag) [2013] • Bern, Dixon, Febres Cordero, Hoeche, Ita, Kosower, Lo Presti, Maitre [2013] • Badger, Guffanti, Yundin [2013] • Greiner, Föh [2017] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chiesa, Greiner, Schoenherr, Tramontano [2017] 	
$pp \rightarrow Z\gamma$ $pp \rightarrow W\gamma$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MATRIX: NNLO(QCD) [2015] • MCFM: NNLO(QCD) (Zγ) [2017] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Denner, Dittmaier, Hecht, Pasold [2015] • Denner, Dittmaier, Hecht, Pasold [2014] 	

BRIEF LIST OF CODES

(Fixed order + Resummation) tools that use smooth cone isolation (in red)

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ISOLATION STUDIES

Brief bibliography

- Catani, Fontannaz, Guillet, Pilon [2002]
- Les Houches (Chanon, Gascon-Shotkin, Guillet, Huston, Pilon, Schwoerer, Stockton, Tripiana) [2011]
- Les Houches (LC, de Florian) [2013]
- Les Houches (LC, Heinrich) [2015]
- Catani, Fontannaz, Guillet, Pilon [2013]
- Catani, LC, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini [2018]

$$\chi(\delta) = \left(\frac{1 - \cos(\delta)}{1 - \cos(R_0)} \right)^n \quad \text{Eric: that was proposed because it matches e+e- dynamics}$$

In hadronic collisions better use $2(\cosh(\Delta y) - \cos(\Delta\phi)) \sim [(\Delta y)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2] = r^2$

$$E_T^{had} \leq E_{Tmax}^{had} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^{2n}$$

	Isolation	$\sum E_T^{had} \leq$	$\chi(r)$	$\sigma_{total}^{NLO}(\text{fb})$
i	Frixione	2GeV	$\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi r}{R}\right)\right)$	3760
ii	Frixione	2GeV	$\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi r}{R}\right)\right)^{0.5}$	3921
iii	Frixione	2GeV	r/R	3769
iv	Frixione	2GeV	$(r/R)^2$	3731
v	Frixione	2GeV	$\left(\frac{1 - \cos(r)}{1 - \cos(R)}\right)$	3724
v	Standard	2GeV	1	3731

← Eric

← Cone



“LH tight photon isolation accord”

- EXP: use (tight) Cone isolation solid and well understood
- TH: use smooth cone with same R and E_{Tmax} accurate, better than using cone with LO fragmentation
Estimate TH isolation uncertainties using different profiles in smooth cone

L.Cieri + ALL

Define “tight isolation” + conventional parameters

Les Houches TH Summary [2013]
de Florian talk

ISOLATION STUDIES

New at Les Houches 2019

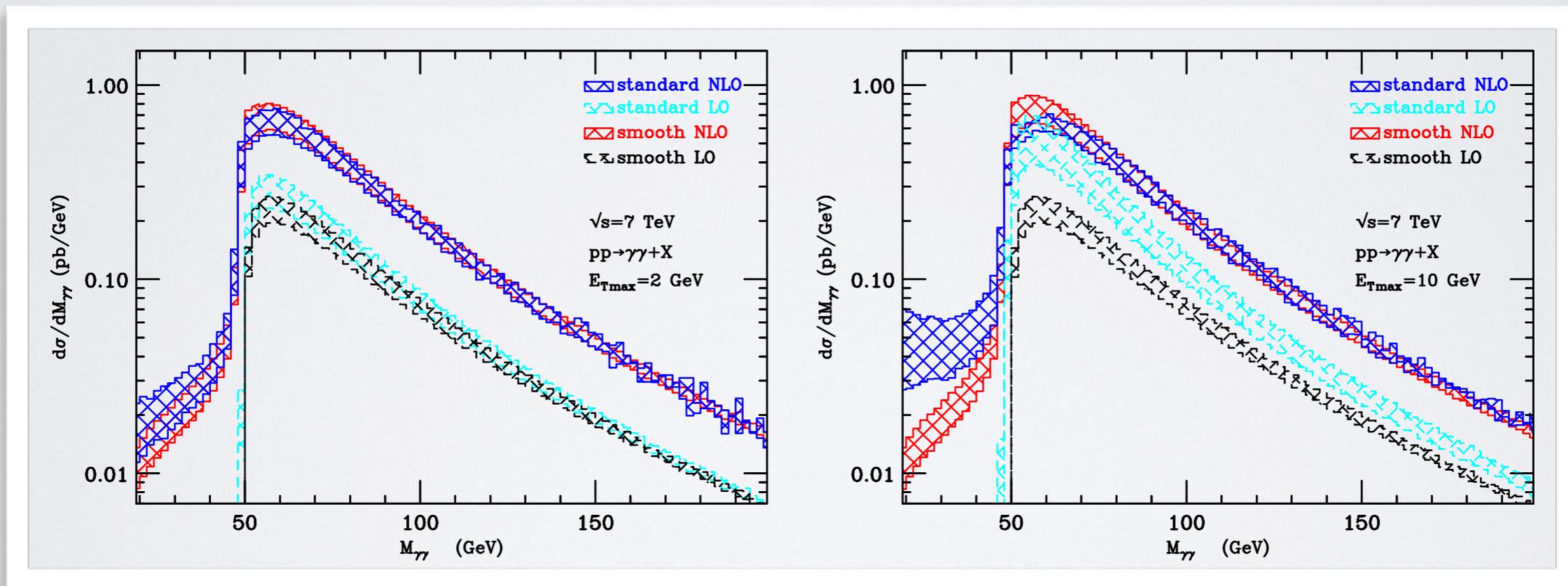
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- Comparison of standard, smooth and hybrid prescriptions using POWHEG, POWHEG+MINLO and Sherpa
- Accord avoiding tuning smooth/hybrid isolation parameters from comparison with NLO tools with fragmentation Regarding f.o tools

ISOLATION STUDIES

The diphoton example

Catani, LC, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini [2018]

- Accord avoiding tuning smooth/hybrid isolation parameters from comparison with NLO tools with fragmentation

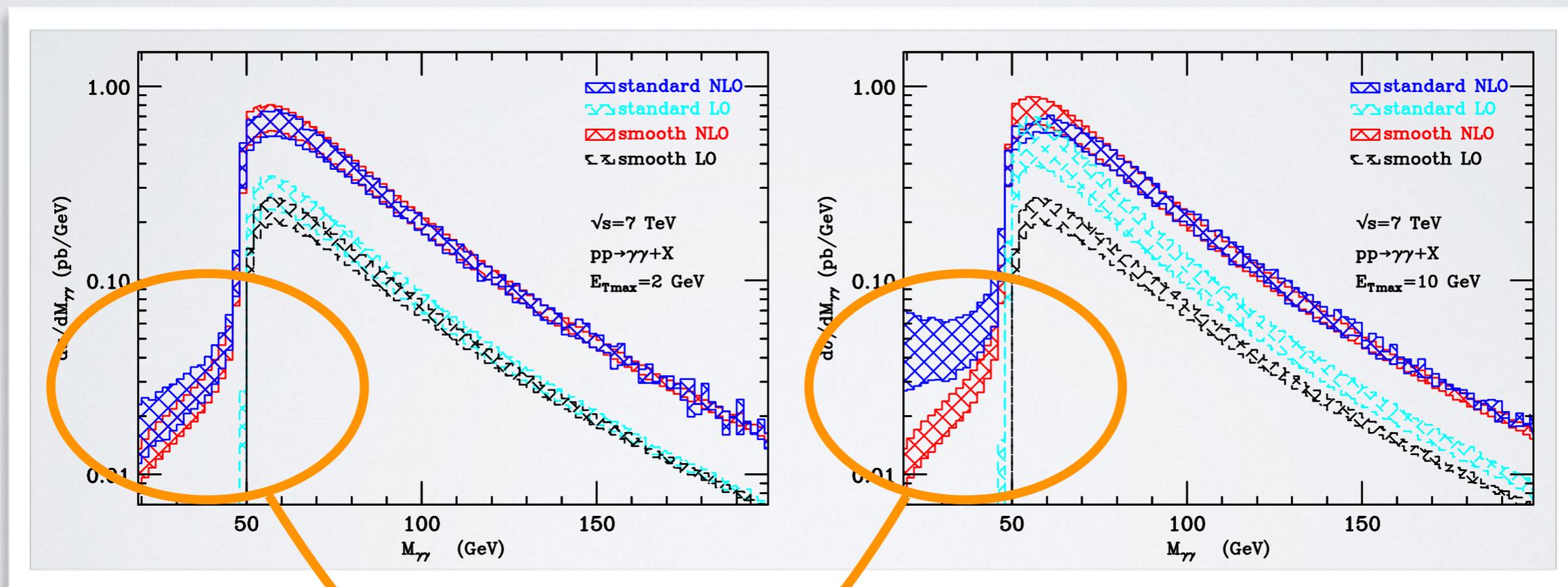


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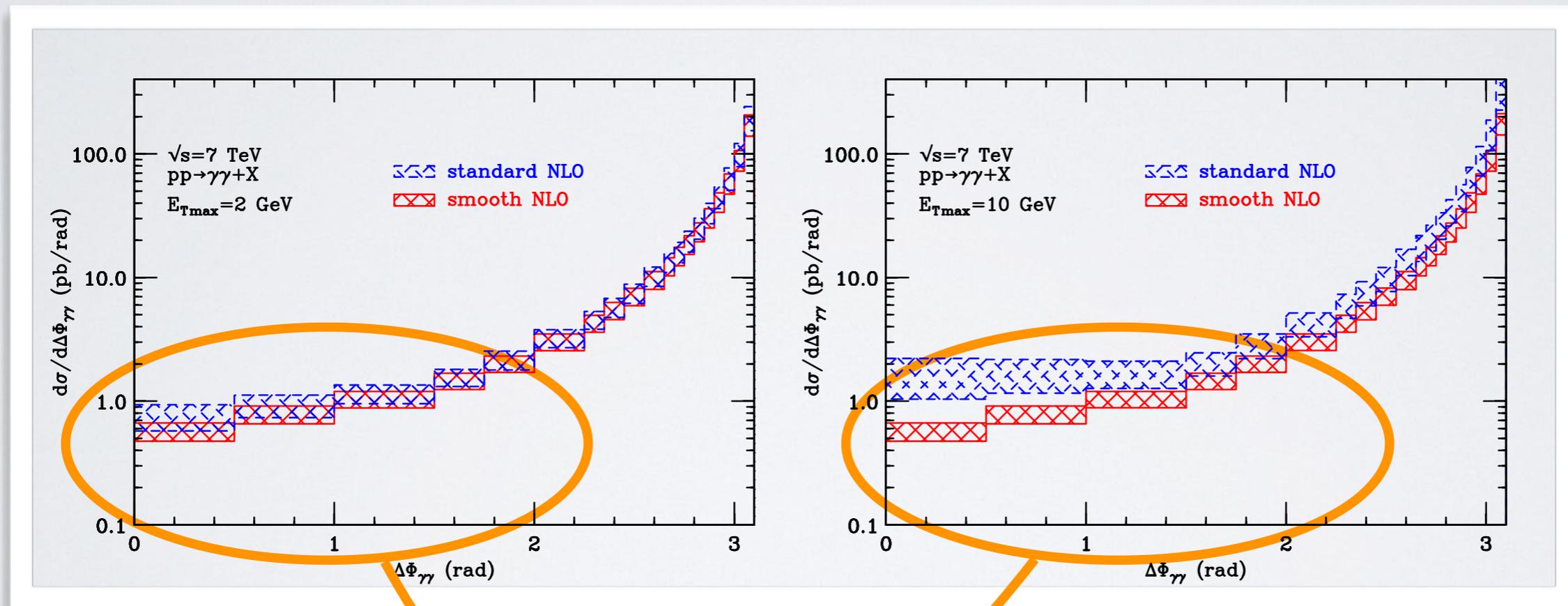
Far away from the back-to-back regions are not affected by changes in the isolation parameters at NLO (using smooth cone)

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The diphoton example

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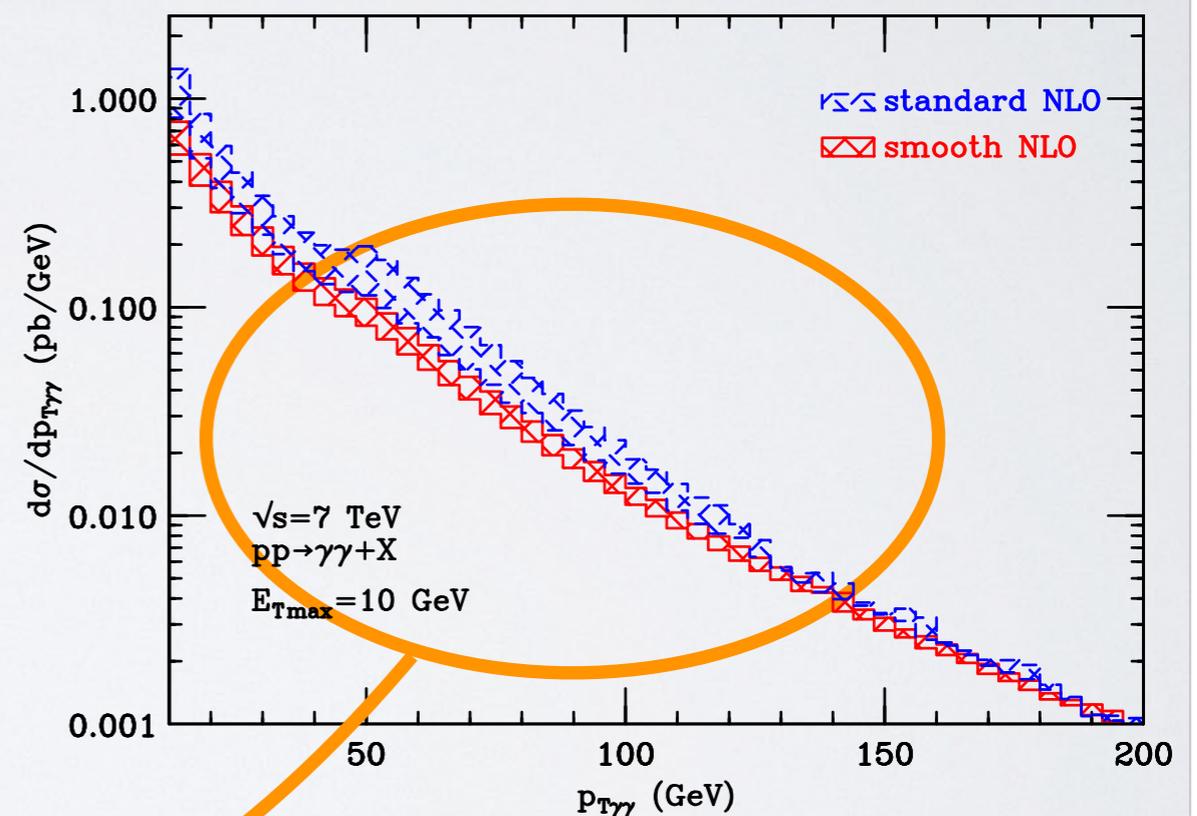
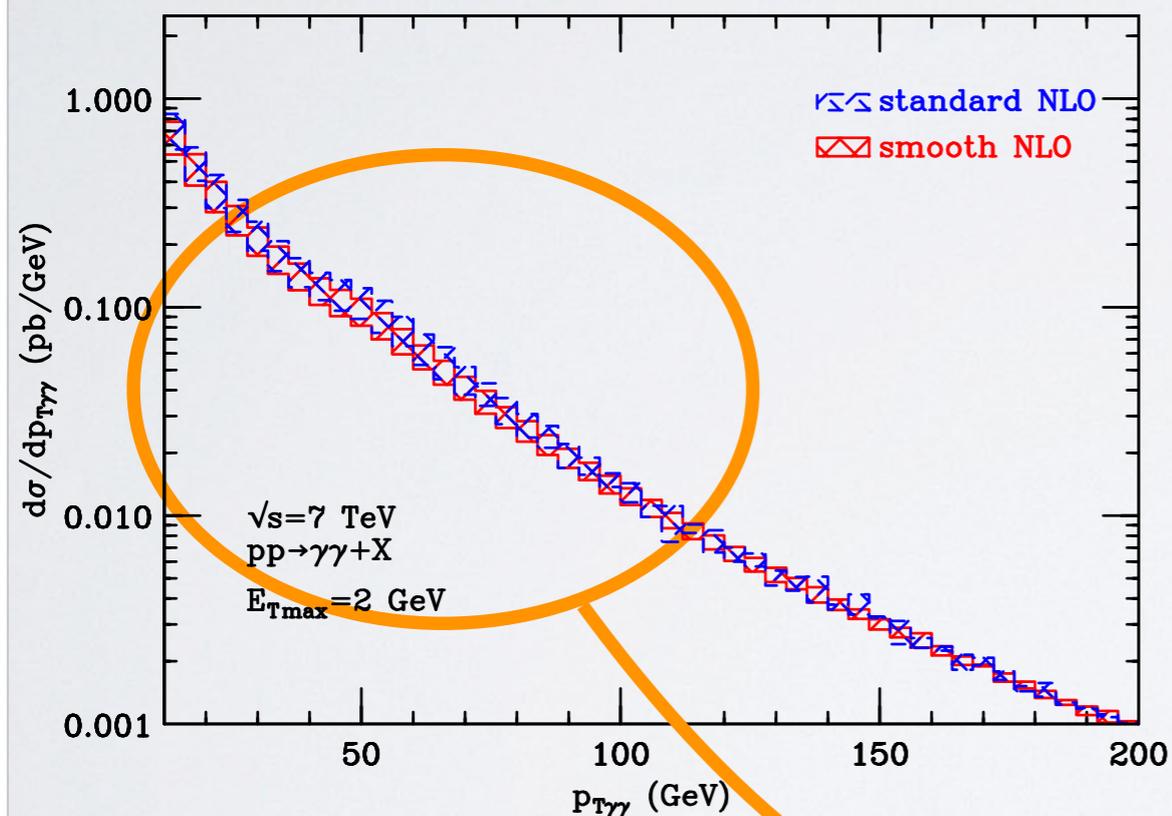
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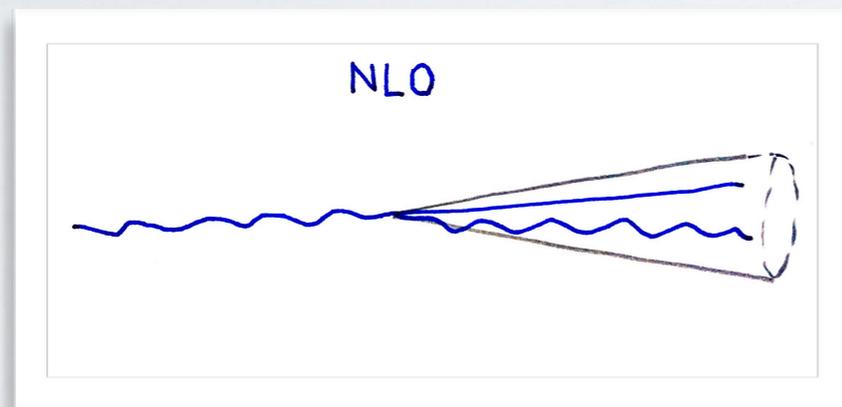
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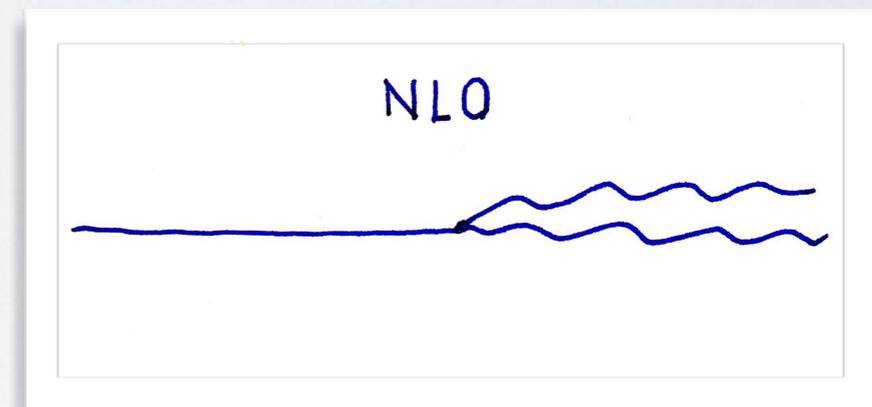
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Configurations which are sensible to changes in isolation parameters are near the Born like

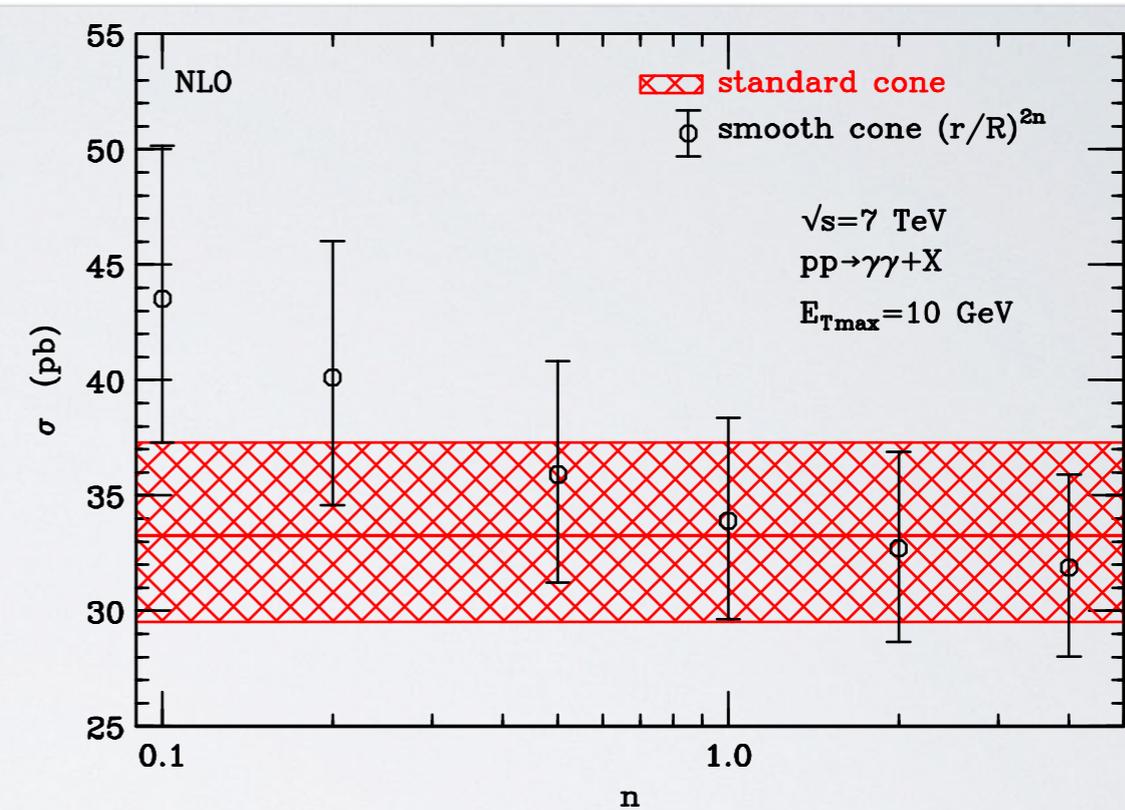
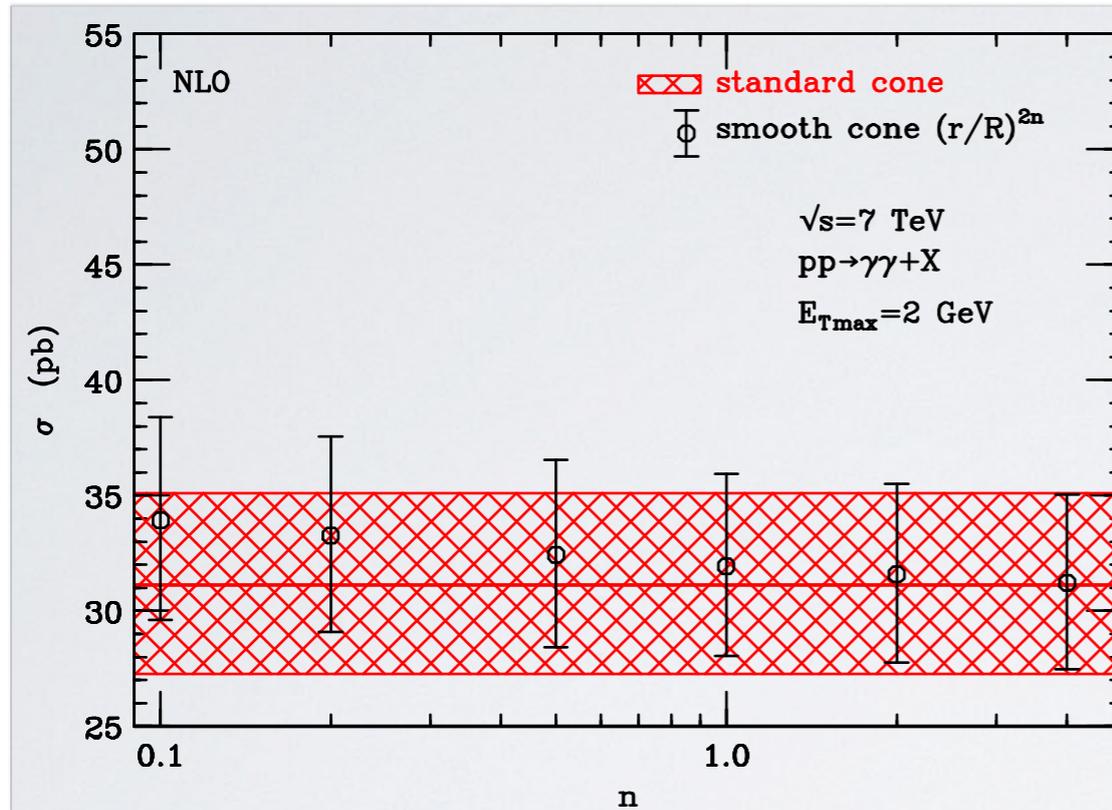


Regions far away from the back-to-back configuration are not affected by changes in the isolation parameters at NLO (using smooth cone)

ISOLATION STUDIES

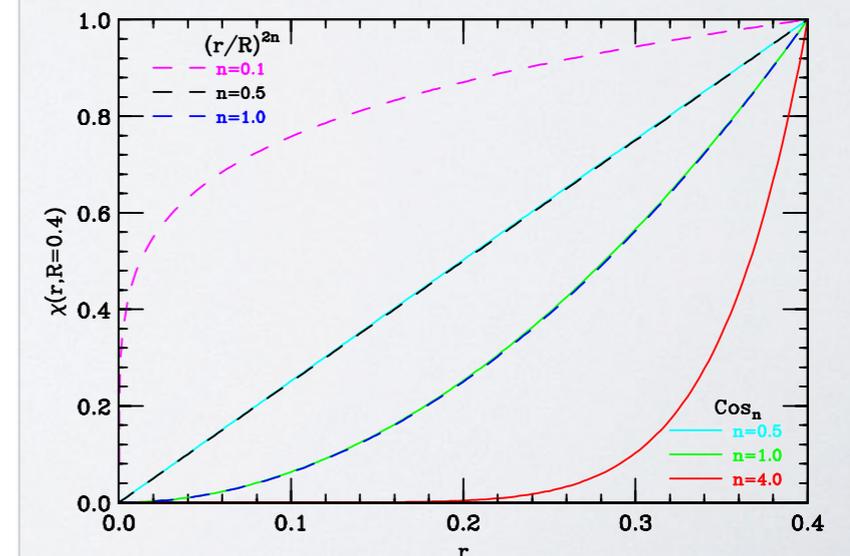
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$$\delta_{\text{smooth}}^{NLO, \text{soft}} \propto -\alpha_S R^2 \left(\ln \left(\frac{Q}{E_{T\max}} \right) + n \right), \quad (n \gg 1)$$

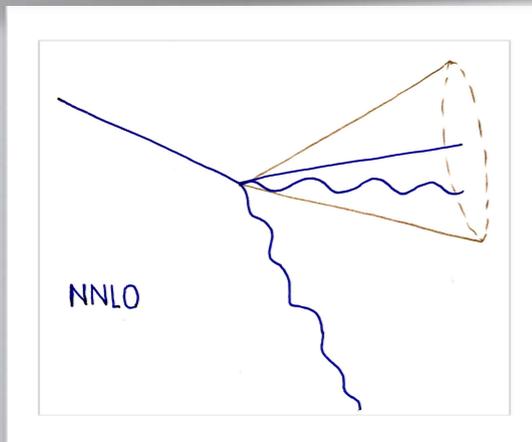
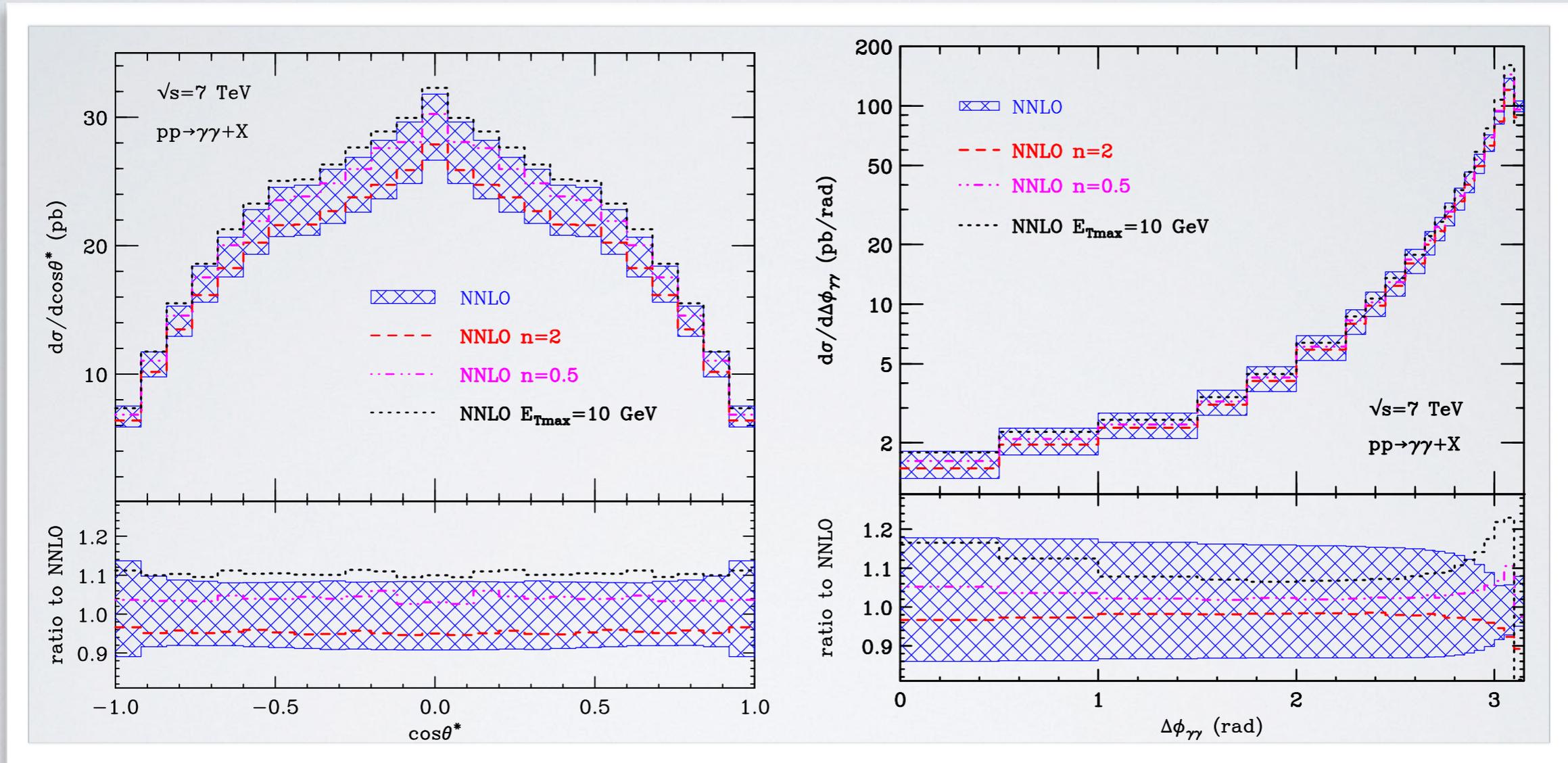
$$\delta_{\text{smooth}}^{NLO, \text{coll}} \propto +\frac{\alpha_S}{n} \frac{E_{T\max}}{Q}, \quad (n \ll 1)$$



ISOLATION STUDIES

The diphoton example at NNLO

Catani, LC, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini [2018]



At NNLO, regions far away from the b-t-b configurations are sensible for first time to changes in the isolation parameters.

ISOLATION STUDIES

New at Les Houches 2019

- Comparison of standard, smooth and hybrid prescriptions using JETPHOX and DIPHOX
- Comparison of standard, smooth and hybrid prescriptions using POWHEG, POWHEG+MINLO and Sherpa
- Accord avoiding tuning smooth/hybrid isolation parameters from comparison with NLO tools with fragmentation

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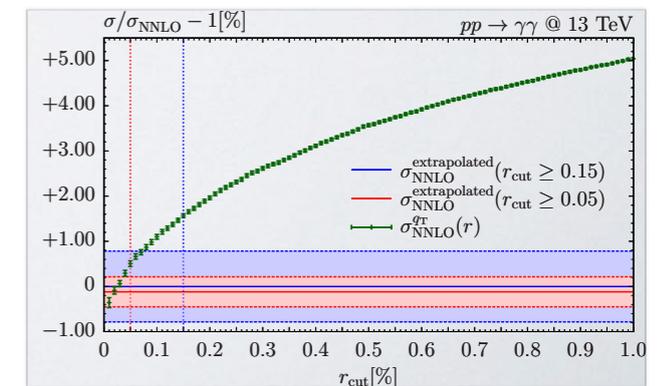
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- Accord avoiding tuning smooth/hybrid isolation parameters from comparison with NLO tools with fragmentation
- Power corrections to the q_T -subtraction formalism induced by smooth cone isolation
- How many inner cones can use the EXP?

BACKUP SLIDES

ISOLATION STUDIES

The diphoton example

Catani, LC, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini [2018]

