# Higgs - BSM aspects

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## Overview

- *Possible* discussion topics over the next 10 days split into two parts
- "Precision"
  - Trilinear and quadrilinear Higgs couplings
  - Constraining the CP structure of the Higgs couplings
  - Higgs & EFT
  - Characterizing Higgs boson production and decay
  - $\circ$   $\$  Lepton flavour violation in the Higgs sector
- "Novelties"
  - Exotic decays of the 125 GeV Higgs boson
  - Additional Higgs bosons at low/high mass: uncovered parameter space
  - Naturalness:
    - Gaps in searches for traditional models (SUSY, compositeness)
    - Searches for cosmological triggers (new Higgs bosons and v-like leptons)
    - Unexpected signatures of naturalness

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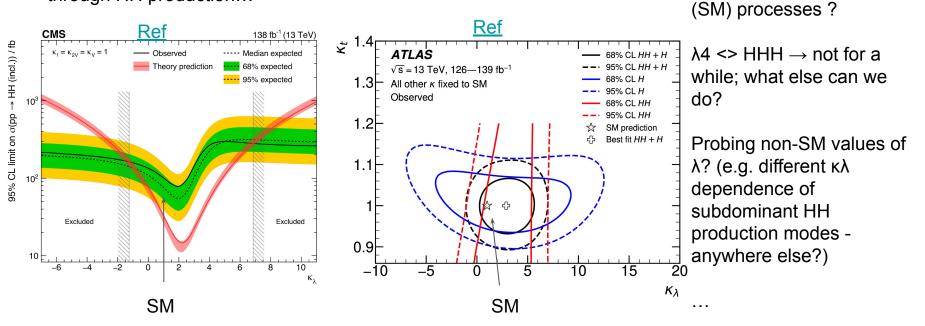
## These are just possible starting points for discussion - we're looking forward to your ideas!

- Gaps in searches for traditional models (SUSY, compositeness)
- Searches for cosmological triggers (new Higgs bosons and v-like leptons)
- Unexpected signatures of naturalness

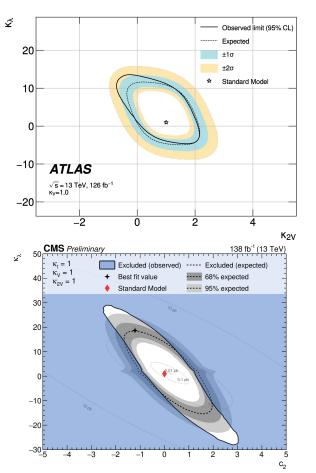
#### Trilinear & quadrilinear Higgs couplings

Experiments constraining  $\kappa_{\lambda} = \lambda_{3} / \lambda_{3}^{SM}$  through HH production...

... and through H and HH production  $\lambda_3$  contributions to other (SM) processes 2



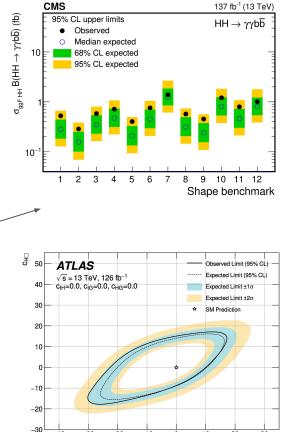
#### Di-Higgs: other couplings



Interpretations in the parameter space  $\kappa_{\lambda}$ ,  $\kappa_{t}$ ,  $\kappa_{V}$ ,  $\kappa_{2V}$ ,  $c_{2}$ 

EFT benchmark scenario limits & SMEFT interpretations

#### Can we go beyond this?



-30

-20

-10

0

-40

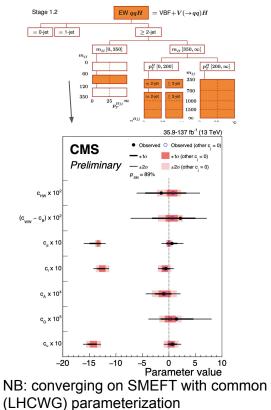
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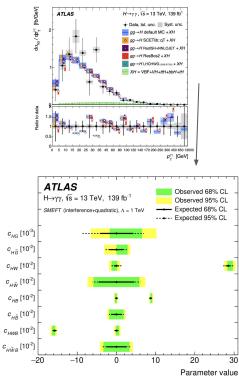
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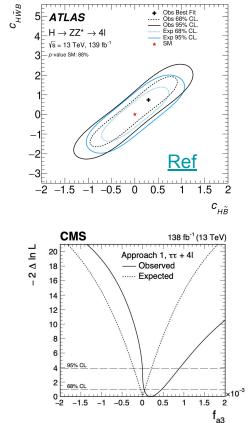
### Higgs & EFT



#### STXS, differential measurements, and...



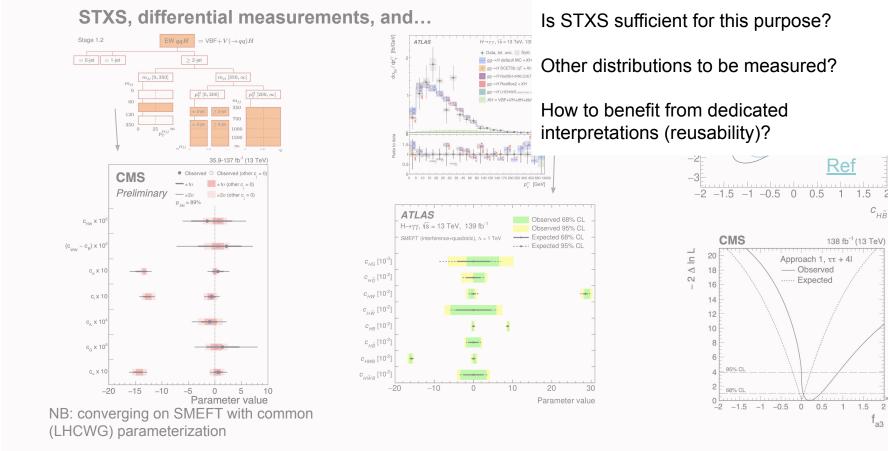
## ...dedicated direct interpretations



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## Higgs & EFT

#### ...dedicated direct interpretations



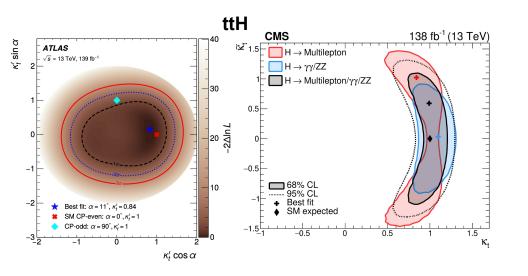
0

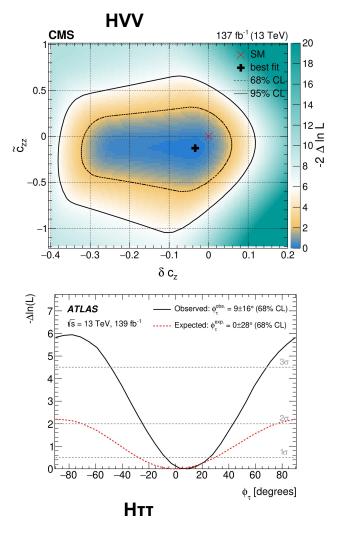
a3

### Higgs: CP structure

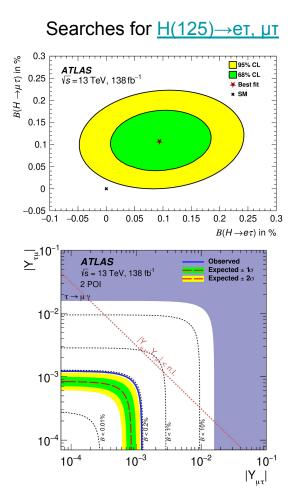
Probed in ttH, HTT, Hgg, HVV couplings

- Mapping to BSM models?
- Re-usability?





#### Lepton flavour violation in the Higgs sector



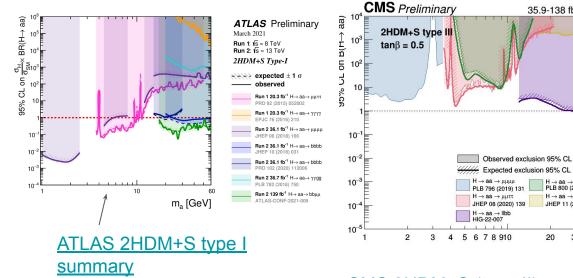
#### Searches for $H \rightarrow e\mu$ CMS 138 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV) \_\_\_\_<sup>9\_10⁻</sup> H(125) Expected $H \rightarrow e$ Observed 10- $\mu \rightarrow 3e$ $10^{-5}$ $\mu \rightarrow e_{\gamma}$ $10^{-6}$ ω ۸ $10^{-7}$ 10<sup>-6</sup> 10<sup>-5</sup> 10<sup>-7</sup> 10<sup>-4</sup> $10^{-3}$ CMS 138 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV) eμ) [fb] 95% CL limits Observed ↑ Expected $\pm$ 1 $\sigma$ × ↑ Expected $\pm 2\sigma$ CL limit on σ(pp 95% ( 110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 m<sub>x</sub> [GeV]

Both experiments cover  $H \rightarrow \mu \tau, e\mu, e\tau$ (not just at 125 GeV!)

- Model interpretations?
- Putting together different constraints?

#### Exotic Higgs boson decays

Just some examples of what's studied in the experiments.



CMS 2HDM+S (type II) summary

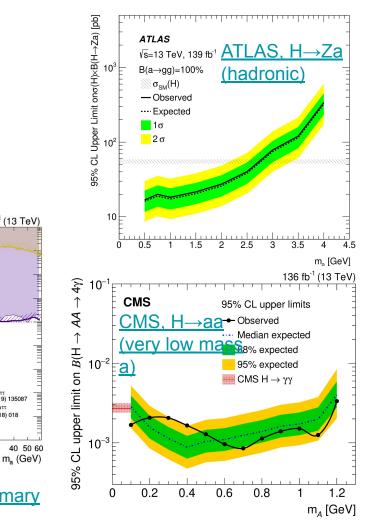
35.9-138 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)

 $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \tau \tau \tau \tau$ PLB 800 (2019) 135087

 $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow uu\tau\tau$ 

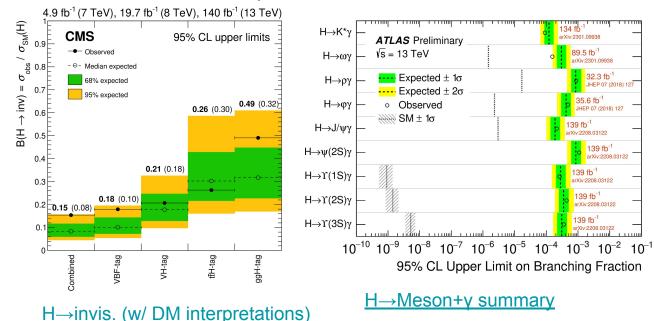
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JHEP 11 (2018) 018



#### Exotic Higgs boson decays

• ... Some more examples of what's studied in the

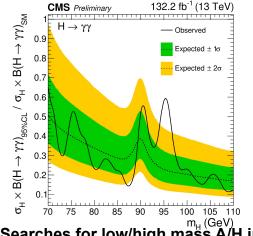


Not all the searches interpreted in a specific model  $\rightarrow$  something to be gained?

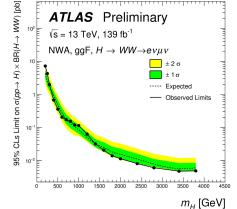
Missing interesting channels?

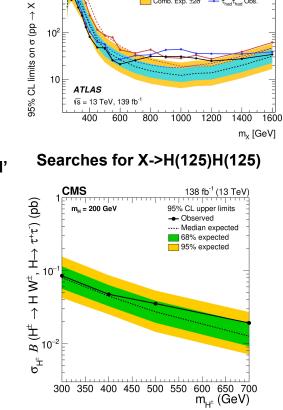
#### Searches for additional Higgs bosons

→ HH) [fb]









---- Comb Exp

- Comb. Obs.

Comb. Exp. ±1σ

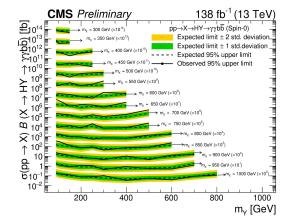
Comb. Exp. ±2σ

···· τ<sub>len</sub>τ<sub>had</sub> Exp.

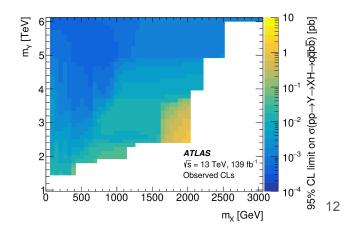
τ<sub>len</sub>τ<sub>had</sub> Obs.

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- τ<sub>had</sub>τ<sub>had</sub> Obs.



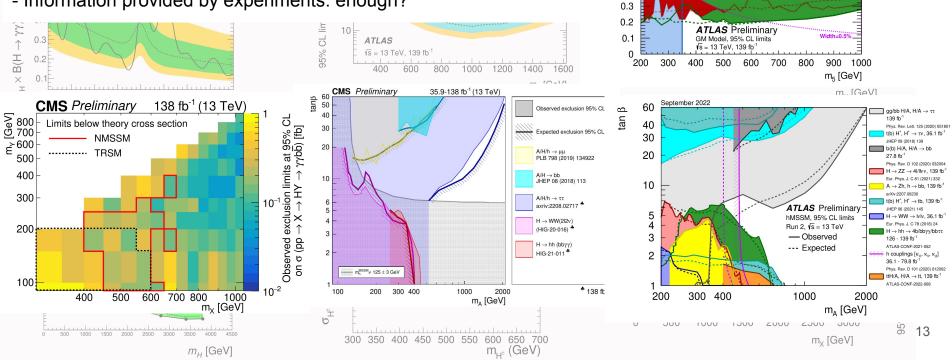
X->H(125)Y searches



#### Searches for additional Higgs bosons

Only a snapshot of the experimental search programme for additional Higgs bosons

- Are we missing any phase space?
- Model interpretations: do not have benchmarks for all models
- Information provided by experiments: enough?



March 2022

B → VV (semi-leptonic)

ATLAS-CONF-2022-005

Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 332

 $pp \rightarrow H^{\pm\pm}H^{\mp\mp} \rightarrow W^{\pm}W^{\pm}W^{\mp}W^{\mp}$ 

 $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4I + Ibv$ 

JHEP 06 (2021) 146

 $H^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm}Z$ 

Width=10%

Eur. Phys. J. C 80 (2020) 116

 $sin(\theta_{H})$ 

0.9

0.8

0.7

0.6

0.5 0.4

### Dissemination of experimental results

Digitized information (usually) available:

- Measured value + interval, or limits
- Covariance matrix
- Rivet routine
- Profiled likelihood (multidimensional if needed) or simplified likelihood
- Efficiencies/acceptances
- ...

Sufficient?

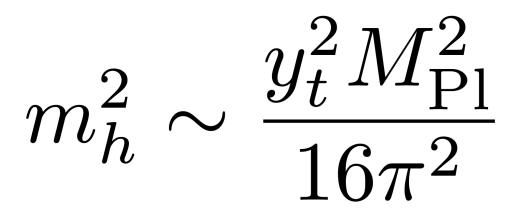
Sufficiently easy to find and use?

Higgs Mass Squared

# $m_{h}^{2}|H|^{2}$

WEAK FORCE, STRUCTURE OF NUCLEI, COMPLEX CHEMISTRY, ...

#### SYMMETRY-BASED ESTIMATE





## Symmetry~10<sup>34</sup>Experiment



- The Higgs mass is ultimately calculable
- No new symmetries exist below the Planck scale
- We have extrapolated the Planck mass from low energy measurements
- We have implicitly treated quantum gravity as an ordinary quantum field theory where high energy particles can leave only very specific imprints at low energy.

#### The Higgs mass is ultimately calculable

The best theory of quantum gravity that we have (string theory) has this property and we do not know of any options that do not have it.

Food for discussion (#0): Do you dare to try?

#### No new symmetries exist below the Planck scale

Relaxing this assumption leads to our favorite explanations: supersymmetry and scale invariance (compositness). However ...

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#### Food for discussion (#1): Where are we with experimental bounds?

- 1. Translate simplified models results to "natural SUSY" parameter space
- 2. And to natural composite top partners parameter space (Rattazzi, Matsedonskyi, Wulzer, et al.)
- 3. How about WIMPs?

#### We have extrapolated the Planck mass from low energy measurements

Relaxing this assumption leads to large extra dimensions (not warped) or models with large number of particles. The qualitative expectation of new physics close to the Higgs mass remains



#### We have extrapolated the Planck mass from low energy measurements

- Relaxing this assumption leads to large extra dimensions (not warped) or models with large number of particles. The qualitative expectation of new physics close to the Higgs mass remains
- Food for discussion (#2): Where are we with experimental bounds and phenomenological calculations?

We have implicitly treated quantum gravity as an ordinary quantum field theory where high energy particles can leave only very specific imprints at low energy.

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Food for discussion (#3): How theoretically crazy is it to relax the assumption?

- UV/IR Mixing: the only concrete model (Craig, Koren) breaks Lorentz at O(1)
- Quantum gravity as a phase correction to the S-matrix makes sense in 2D (Dubovsky, Gorbenko, Mirbabayi). Any remote possibility of generalizing to 4D?

# N

#### Food for discussion (#4): What else?

Non-invertible symmetries in 2D can explain apparent tunings of relevant operators. Any hope it might it teach us something about 4D?
....



- Currently it's the most concrete explanation that we have besides a new symmetry
- It can have signatures testable at HL-LHC and future colliders (trigger operators)

## Summary

• Still lots to do in the BSM Higgs sector

• Looking forward to hearing your ideas and the discussions over the next days!